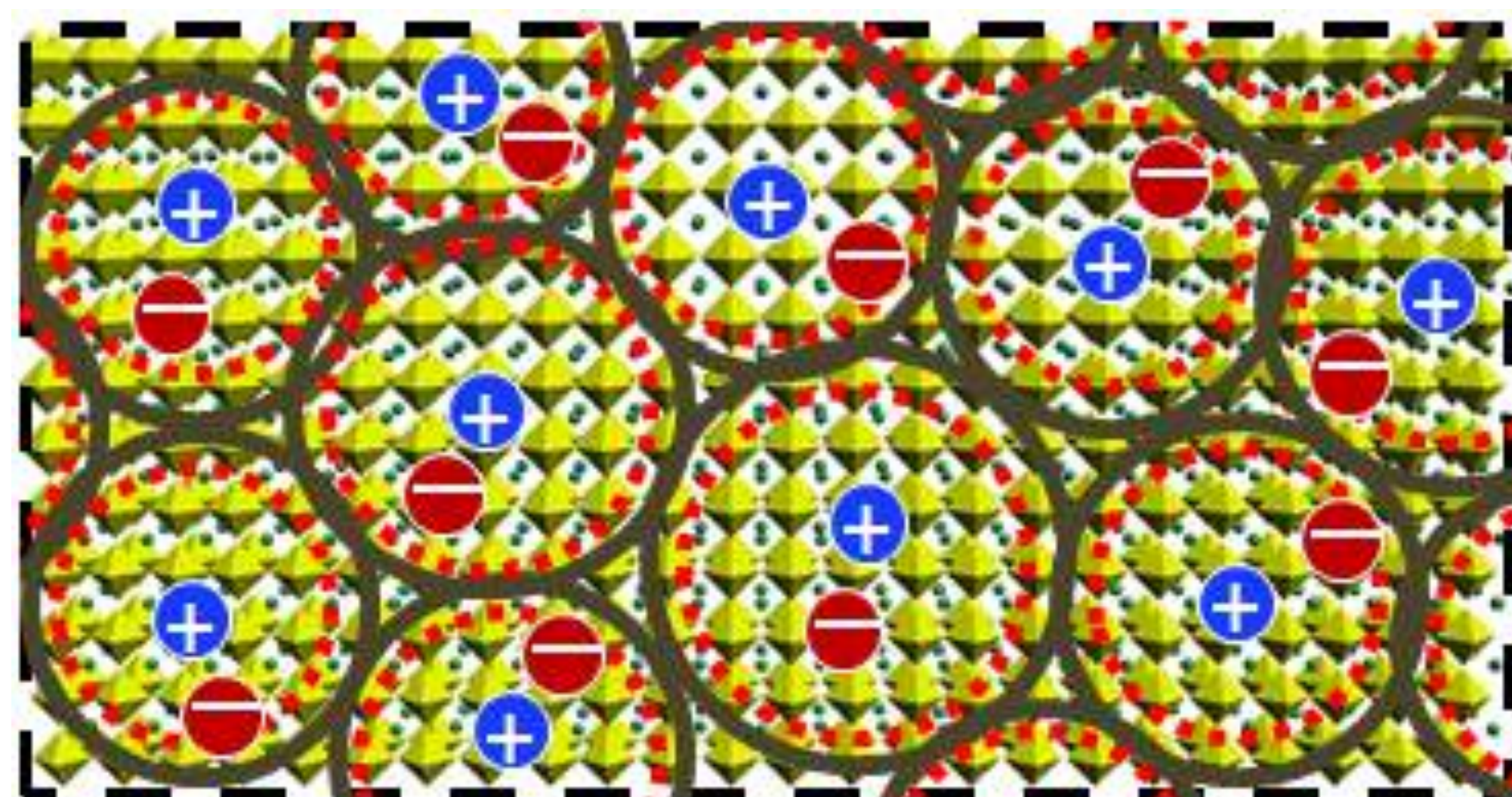


Metal Halide Perovskite Polycrystalline Film Technology

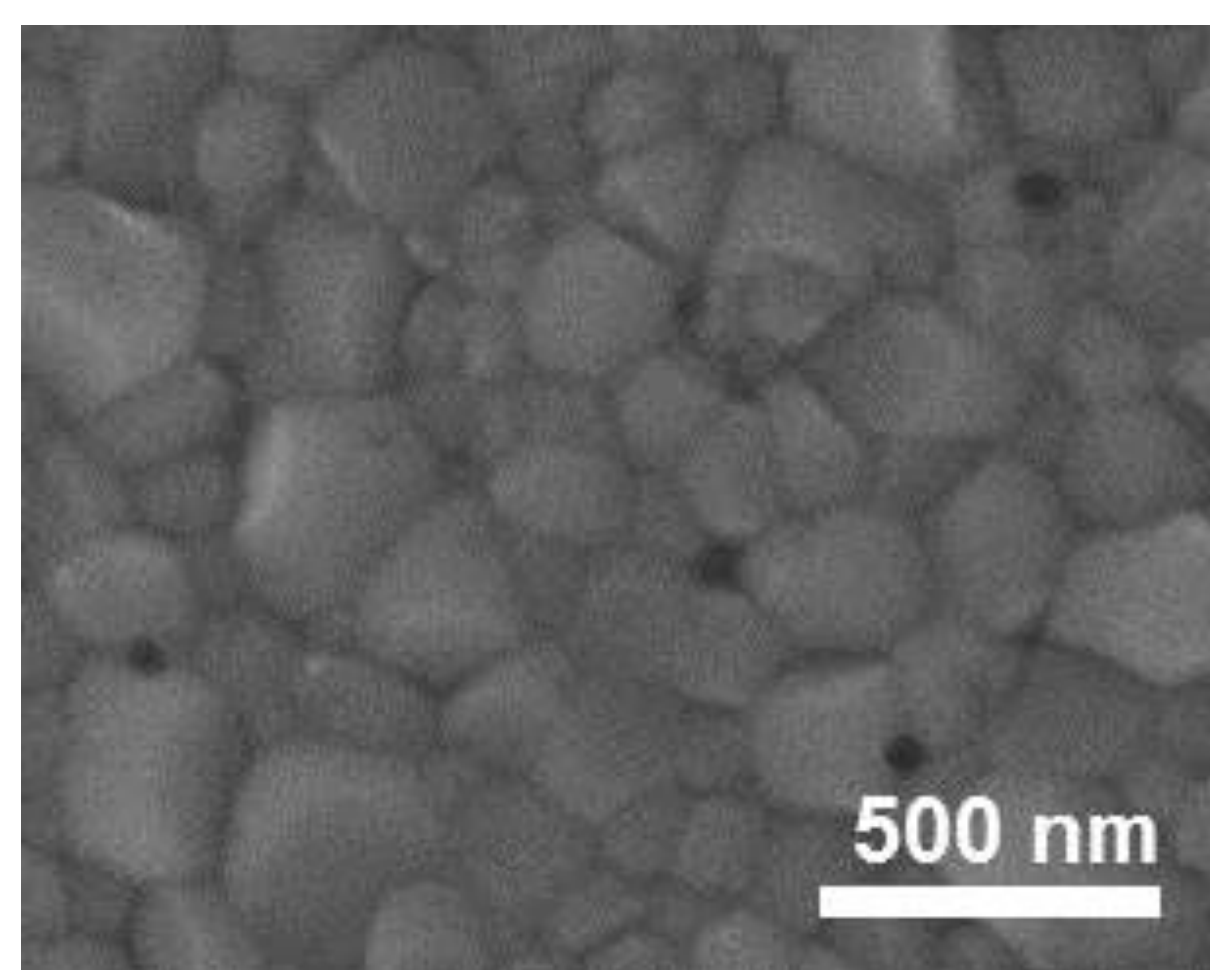
Research Background

Metal Halide Perovskite Polycrystalline Film

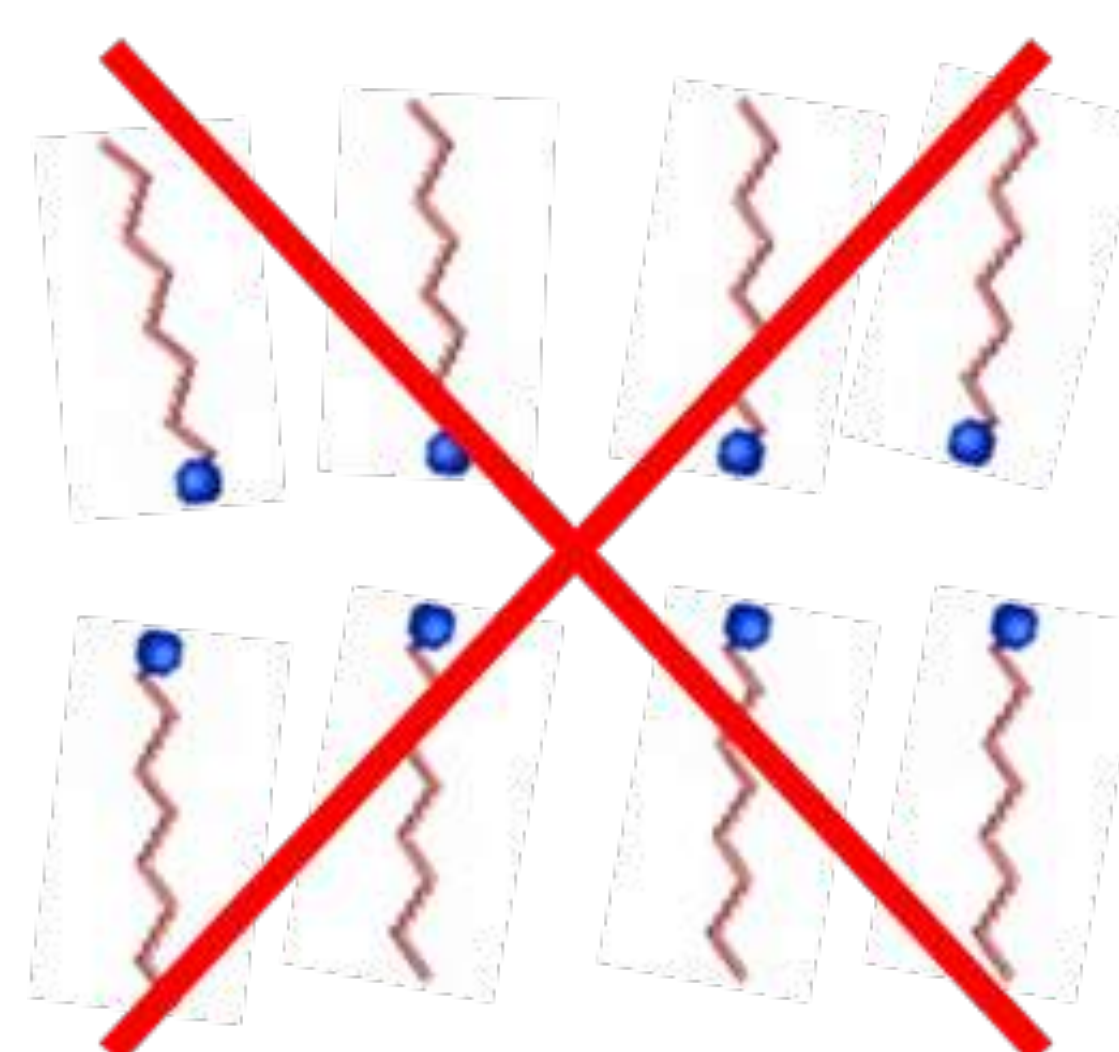


- Film formation by spin-coating of precursor solution
- Grain size reduction is required
 - Spatial confinement of excitons or charge carriers
 - Improvement in luminescence efficiency

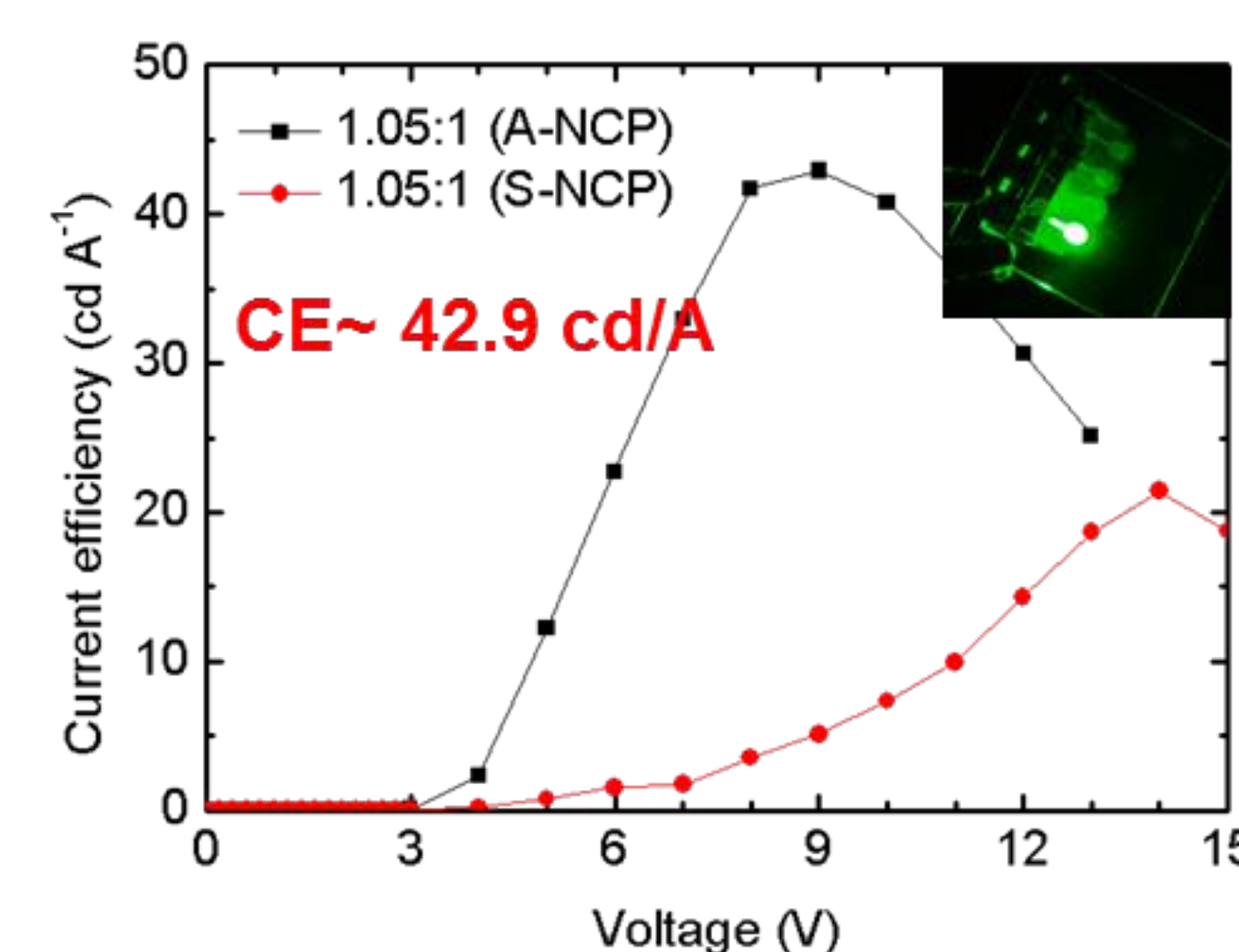
Advantages



- Simple film-forming process
- Full-coverage films



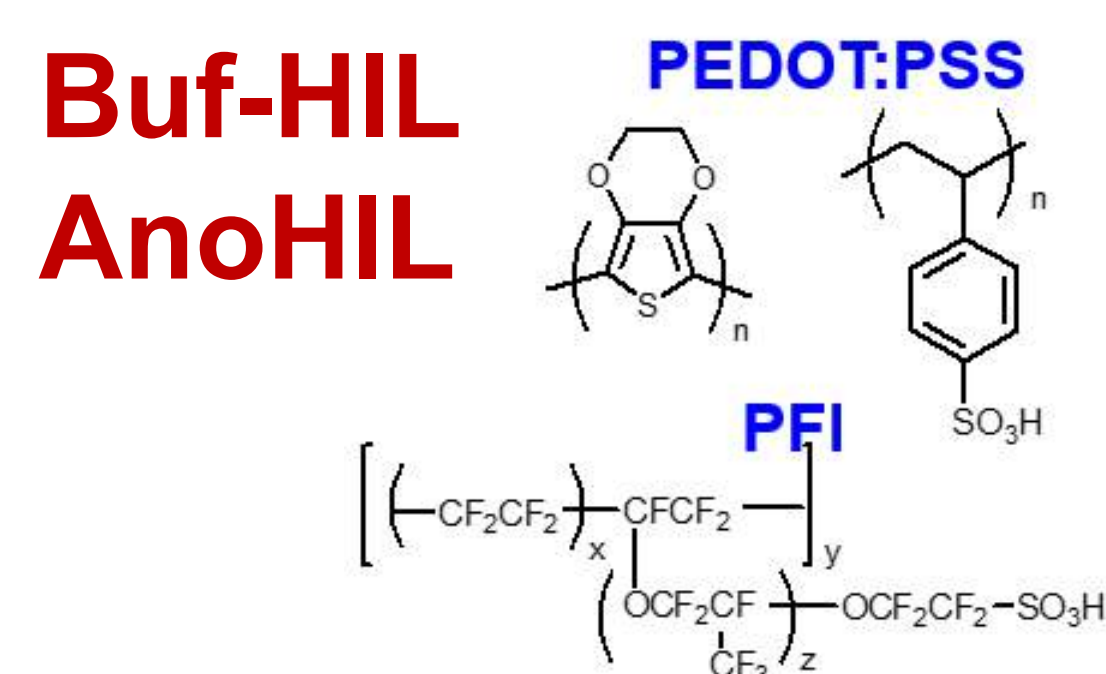
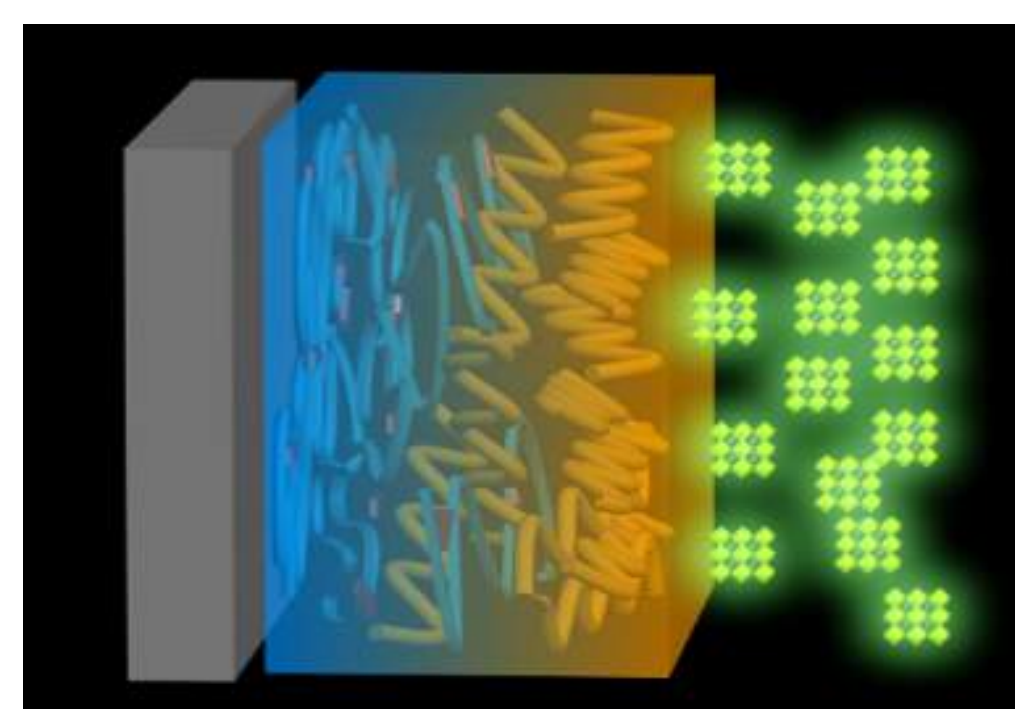
- No need for insulating ligands



- High EL efficiency was already demonstrated

Technology

Self-organized conducting polymers

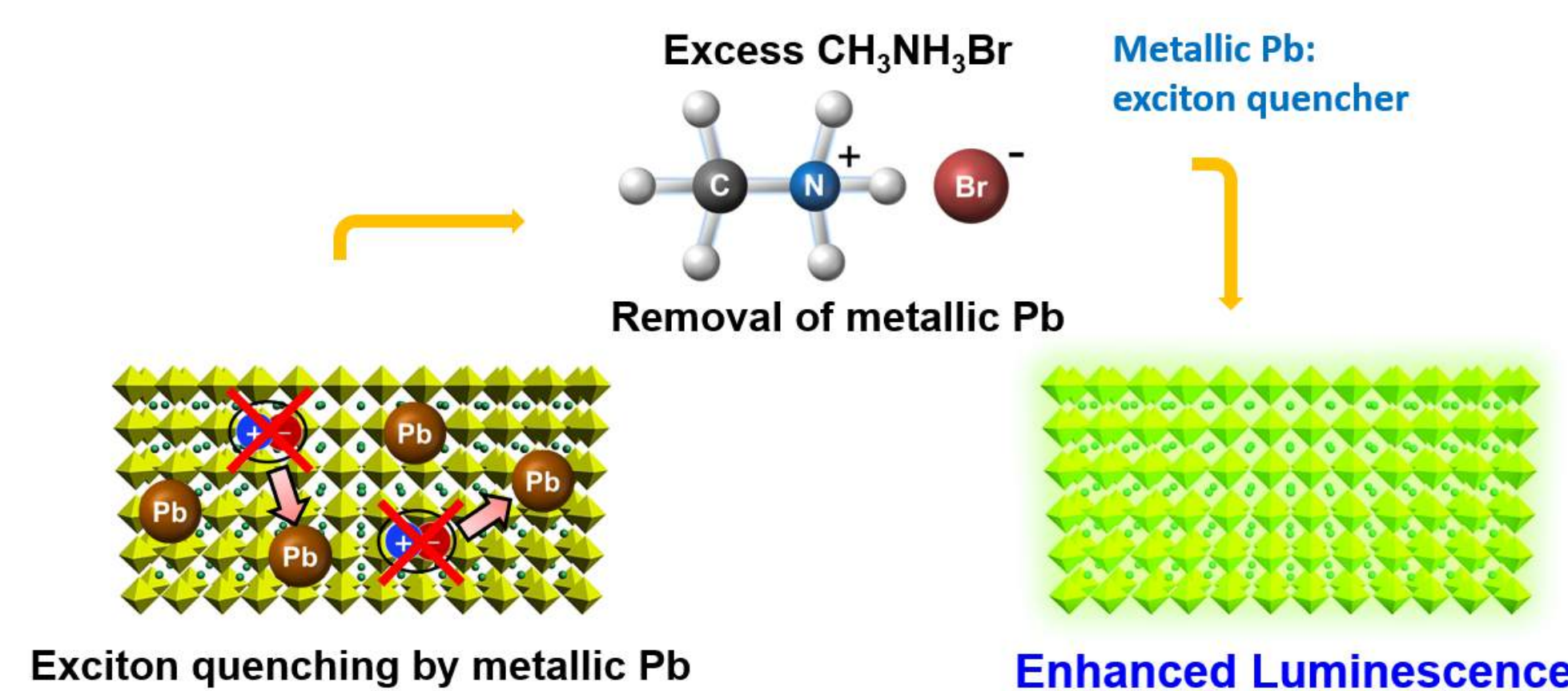


- Composed of PEDOT:PSS and **perfluorinated ionomer (PFI)**
- **Versatility**: buffer hole injection layer and polymer electrodes
- Especially **suitable for perovskite LEDs** because PFI on top of conducting polymer layers can block luminescence quenching.
- **Significantly increase device efficiency and brightness**

Related paper

Science 2015, 350(6265), 1222-1225; Advanced Materials 2015, 27(7), 1248-1254; Advanced Materials 2017, 29(31), 1700579

Removal of luminescence quenchers

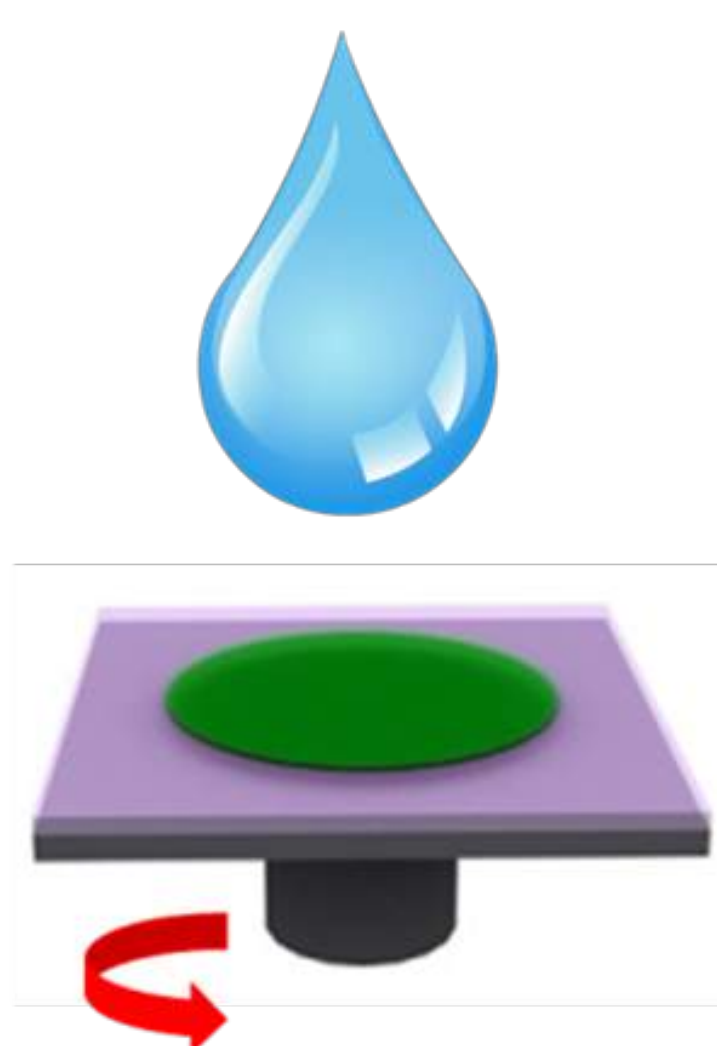


- Metallic Pb atoms in perovskite layers can act as strong luminescence quenchers.
- We prevented the formation of metallic Pb atoms that cause significant exciton quenching through small increase in MABr molar proportion.

Related paper

Science 2015, 350(6265), 1222-1225

Nanograin engineering

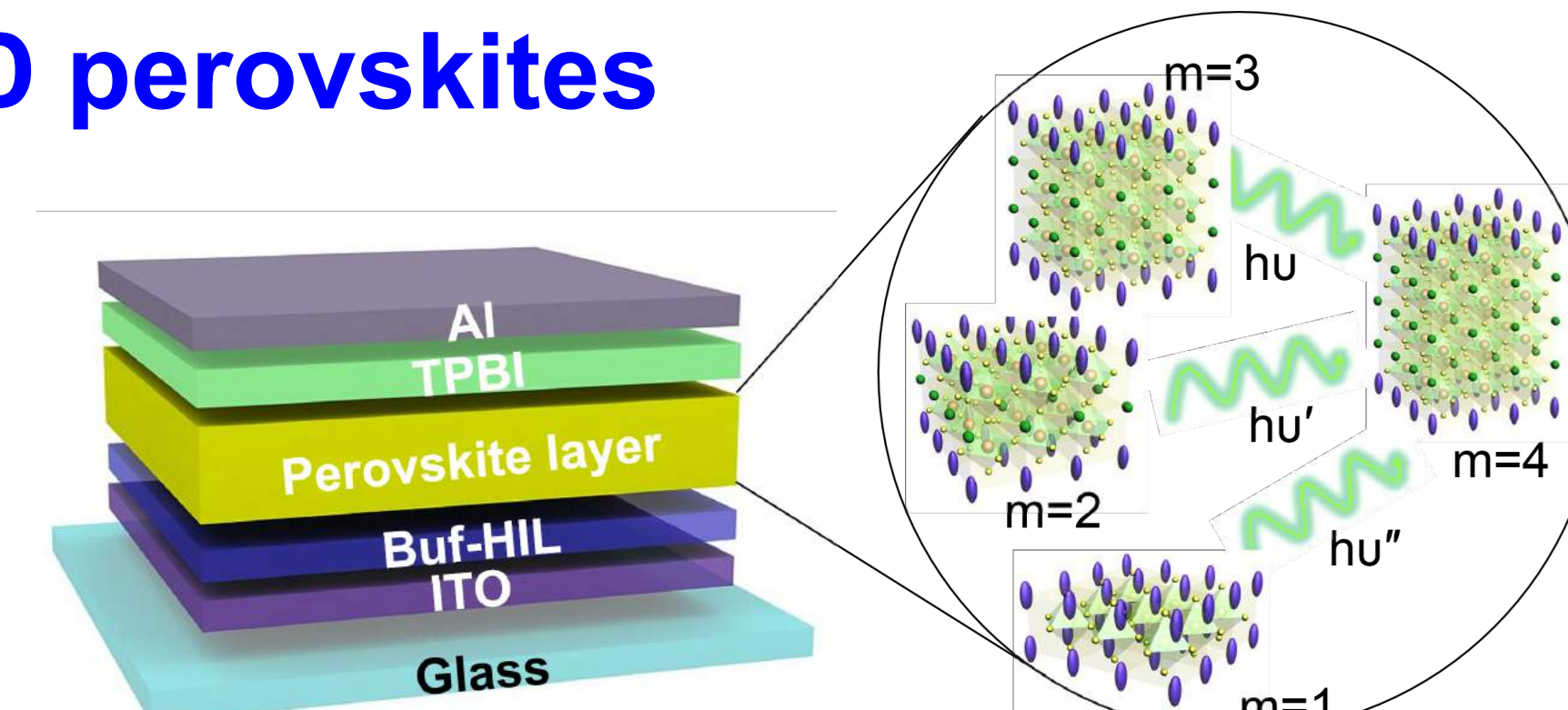


- Nanocrystal pinning (NCP) method: highly volatile nonpolar solvent (e.g., chloroform) washed out the “good” solvents (e.g. DMSO), and causes pinning of nanocrystals by inducing fast crystallization.
- NCP methods decrease perovskite grain sizes, improve film morphology and thereby increase efficiency of perovskite LEDs.

Related paper

Science 2015, 350(6265), 1222-1225

Quasi-2D perovskites



- 2D perovskites have higher exciton binding energy and stability, but limited charge transport property compared to 3D counterparts.
- Quasi-2D perovskites of an optimal 2D-3D ratio have quantum confinement effect while maintaining moderate charge transport ability.
- Furthermore, film morphology can be improved and trap density can be decreased, yielding high device efficiency.

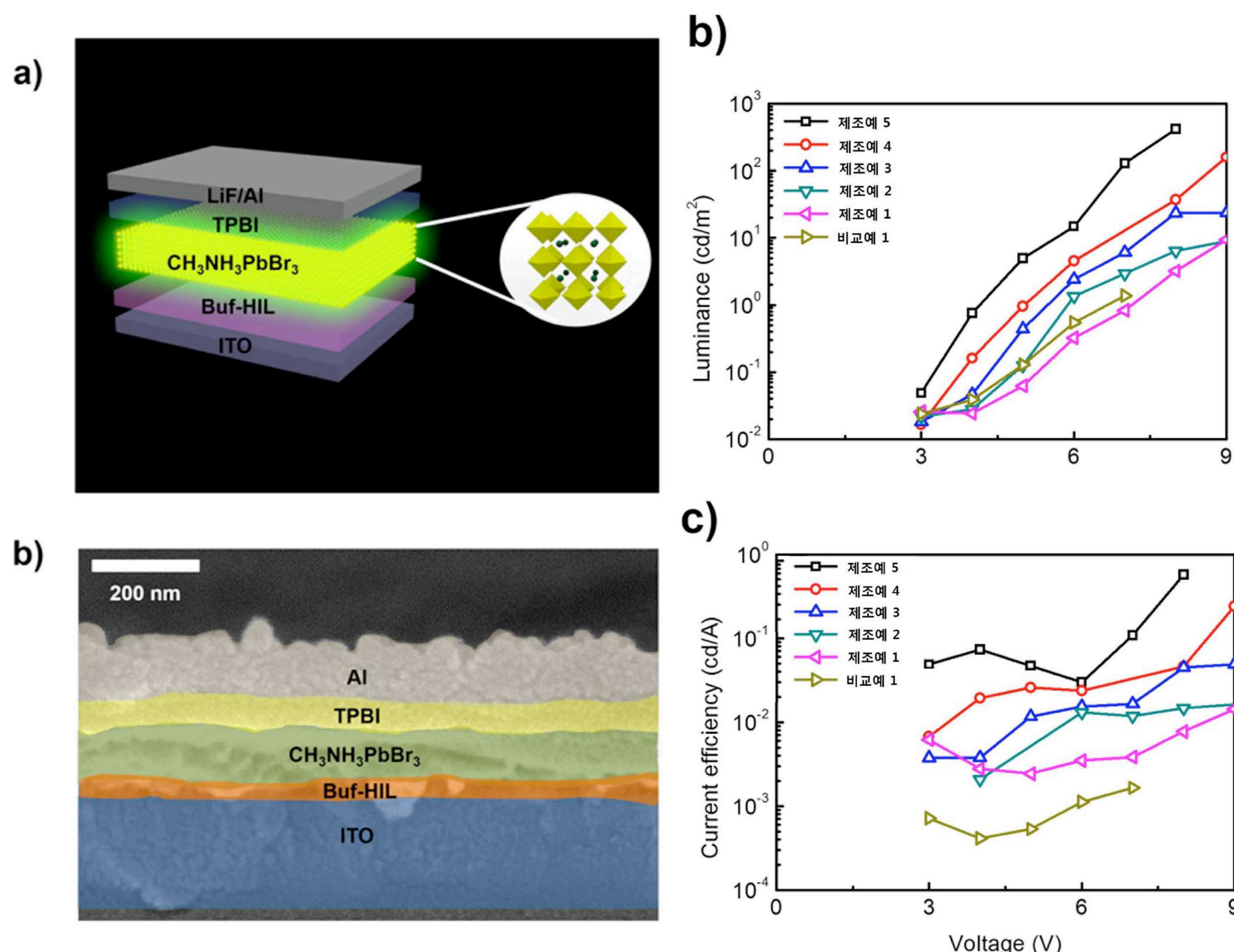
Related paper

Advanced Materials 2016, 28(34), 7515–7520

Metal Halide Perovskite Polycrystalline Film Technology

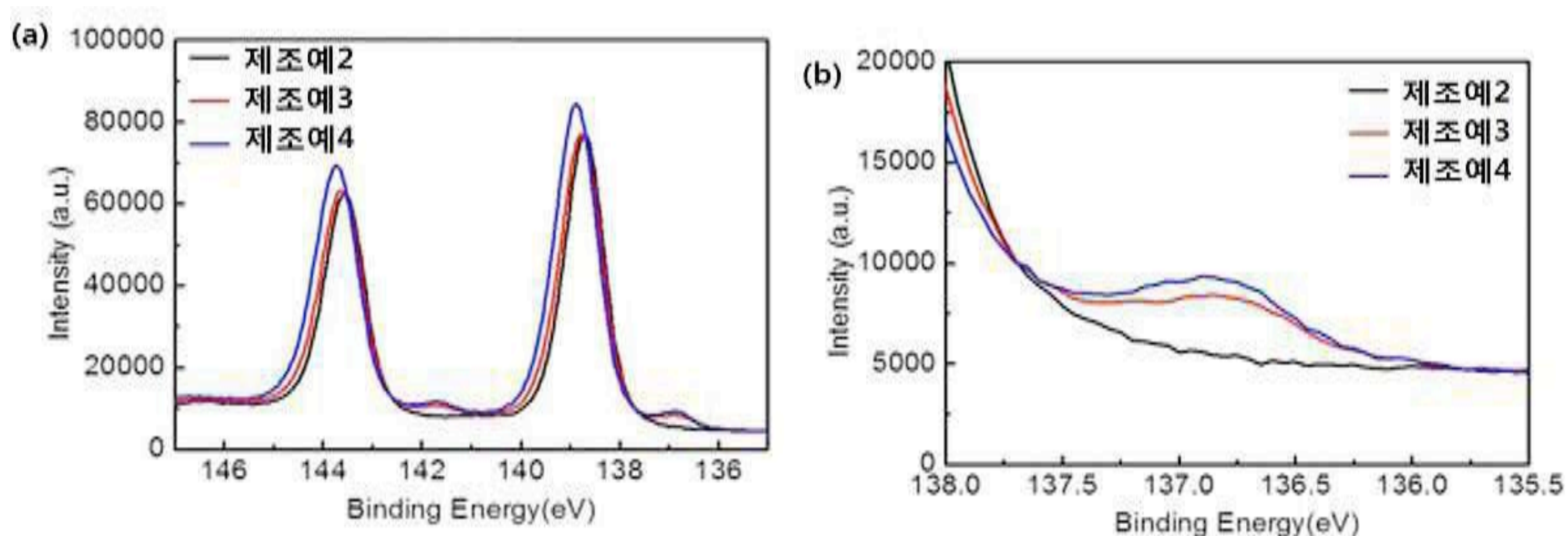
Patents

1. T.-W. Lee, S. H. Im, Y.-H. Kim, H. Cho,
“Perovskite light emitting device including exciton
buffer layer and manufacturing method thereof”,
Application: 10-2015-0156177, Korea (2015.11.06),
Registration: 1017034510000 (2017.01.13)



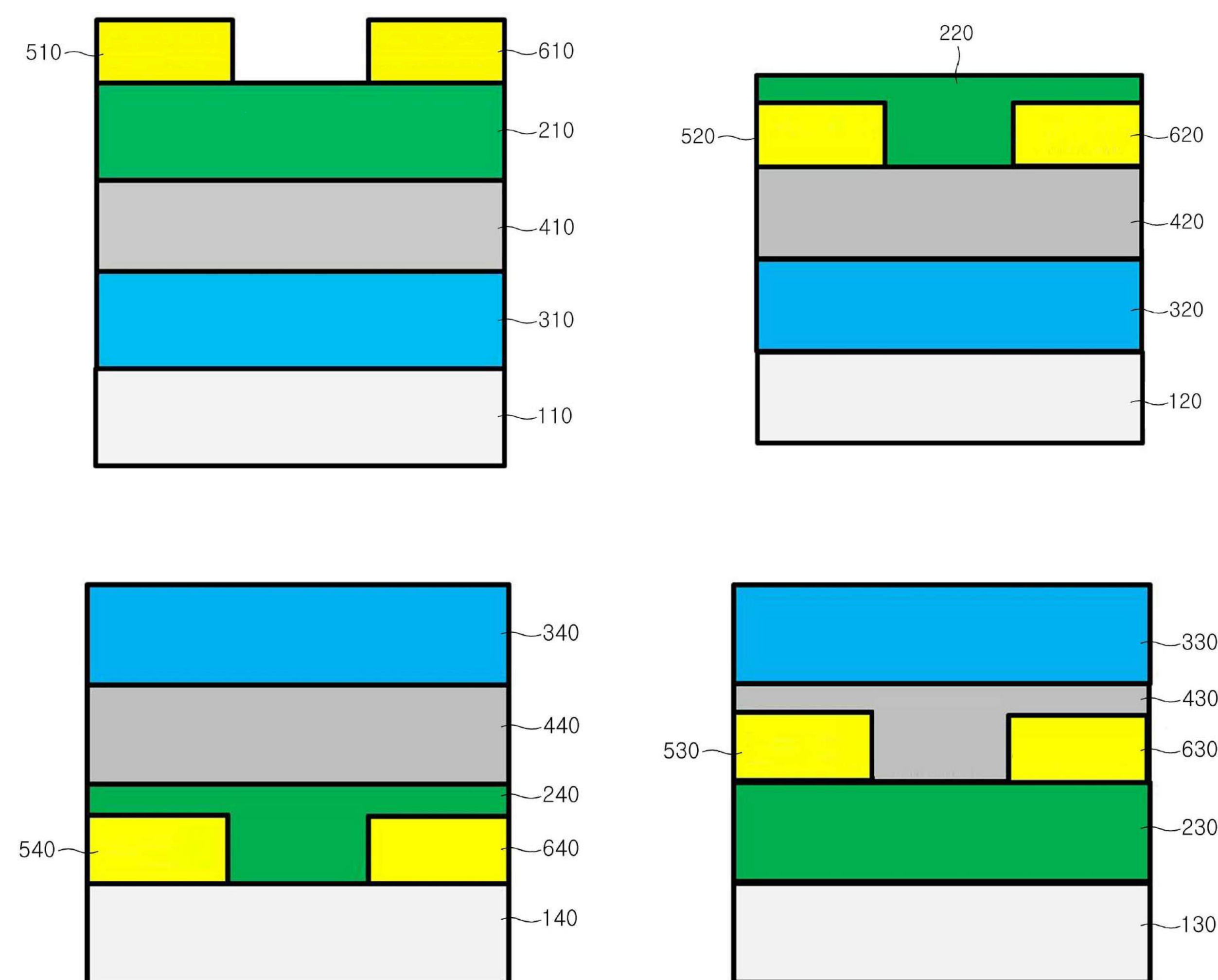
- 페로브스카이트 물질에서의 엑시톤의 퀸칭을 방지하기 위한 엑시톤 버퍼층 (exciton buffer layer)의 도입을 통해 발광 효율 및 휘도가 개선된 유무기 하이브리드 페로브스카이트 또는 무기금속 할라이드 페로브스카이트 기반 발광 소자를 제공

3. T.-W. Lee, S. H. Im, H. Cho, “Composition-
controlled organic/inorganic hybrid perovskite light-
emitting diodes and manufacturing method thereof”,
Application: 10-2015-0058867, Korea, (2015.04.27),
Registration: 1017293900000 (2017.04.17)



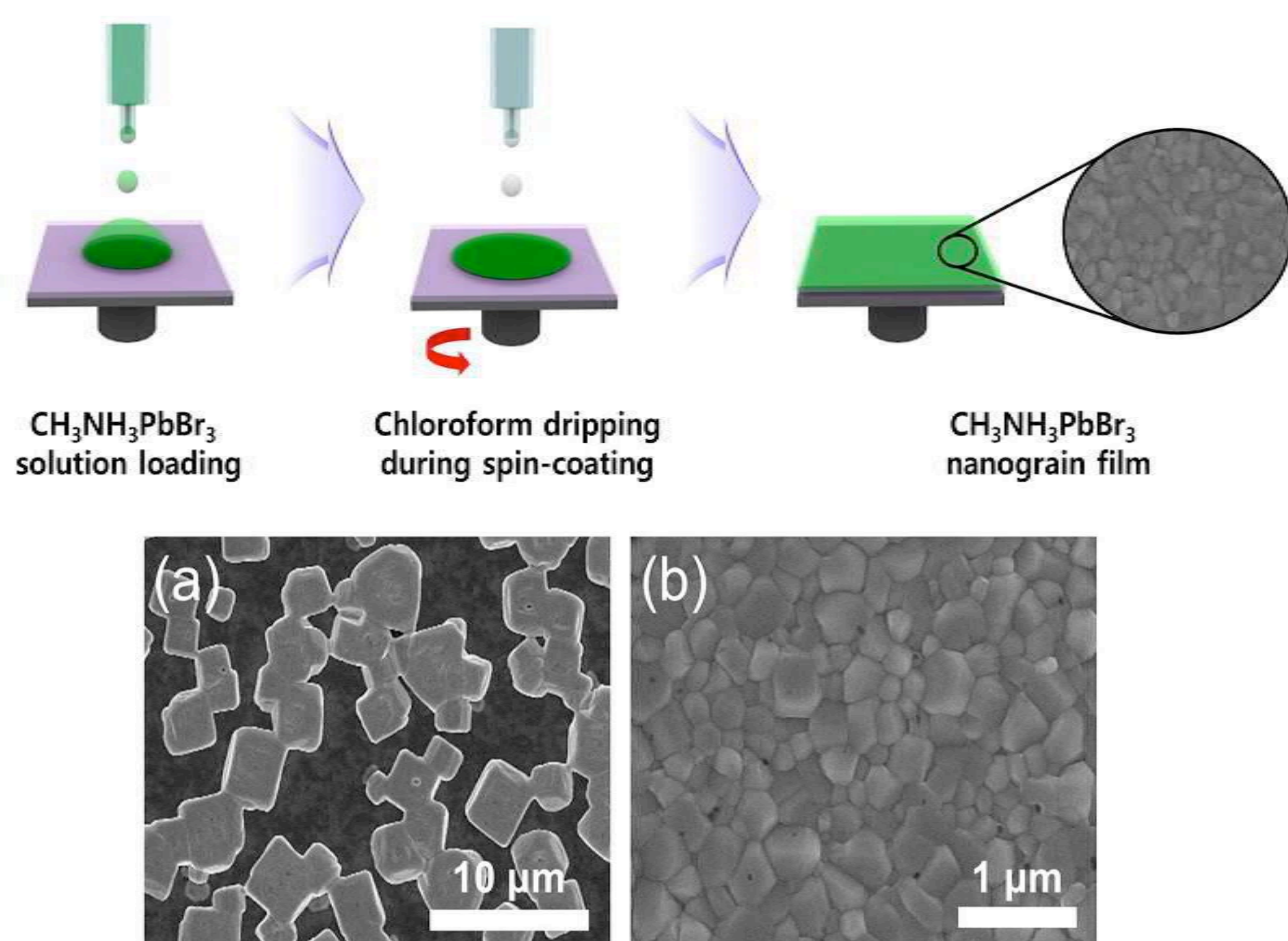
- 퀸처 (금속성 납 원자) 제거를 통한 엑시톤 소멸 방지 공정을 이용하여 발광효율 및 휘도가 향상된 유무기 하이브리드 페로브스카이트 발광다이오드 및 이의 제조방법을 제공

2. T.-W. Lee, C. Wolf, Y.-H. Kim, H. Cho, “Organic-inorganic
hybrid perovskite light emitting transistor and method of
fabricating thereof”, Application: 10-2015-0014675, Korea
(2015.01.30), Registration: 10-16556480000 (2016.09.01)



- 색순도 및 스위칭 특성을 향상시킬 수 있고, 제조 비용을 절감시킬 수 있는, 새로운 방식의 유무기 하이브리드 발광체 기반의 발광 트랜지스터 및 이의 제조방법을 제공

4. T.-W. Lee, S. H. Im, H. Cho, “organic/inorganic hybrid
perovskite light-emitting layers using nanocrystal pinning
process and manufacturing method thereof”, Application:
10-2015-0058891 (2015.04.27)



- 나노결정 고정화 공정을 통해 페로브스카이트 박막의 균일도를 높이고 결정의 크기 및 패킹 밀도를 조절하여, 향상된 효율 및 휘도를 가진 유무기 하이브리드 페로브스카이트 발광층 및 이의 제조방법을 제공



Metal Halide Perovskite Polycrystalline Film Technology

Papers

- "Multicolored Organic/Inorganic Hybrid Perovskite Light-Emitting Diodes", *Advanced Materials* 2015, 27(7), 1248-1254
- "Overcoming the electroluminescence efficiency limitations of perovskite light-emitting diodes", *Science* 2015, 350(6265), 1222-1225
- "Metal halide perovskite light emitters", *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A* 2016, 113, 11694.
- "Efficient Visible Quasi-2D Perovskite Light-Emitting Diodes", *Advanced Materials* 2016, 28(34), 7515-7520
- "Efficient Flexible Organic/Inorganic Hybrid Perovskite Light-Emitting Diodes Based on Graphene Anode", *Advanced Materials*, (2017), 29, 1605587
- "High-Efficiency Solution-Processed Inorganic Metal Halide Perovskite Light-Emitting Diodes", *Advanced Materials* 2017, 29(31), 1700579

Applications

Curved TV



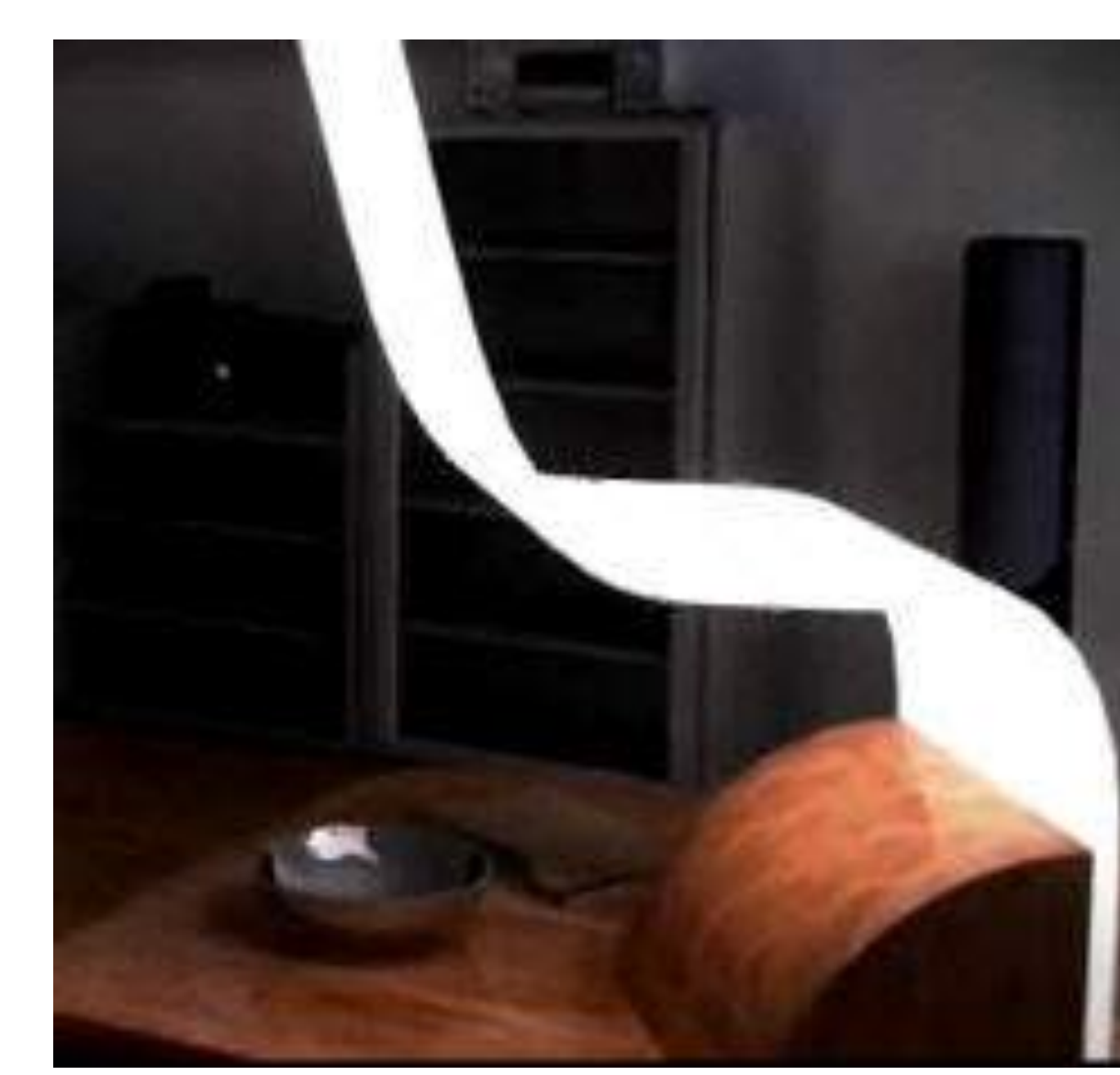
Digital screens and billboards



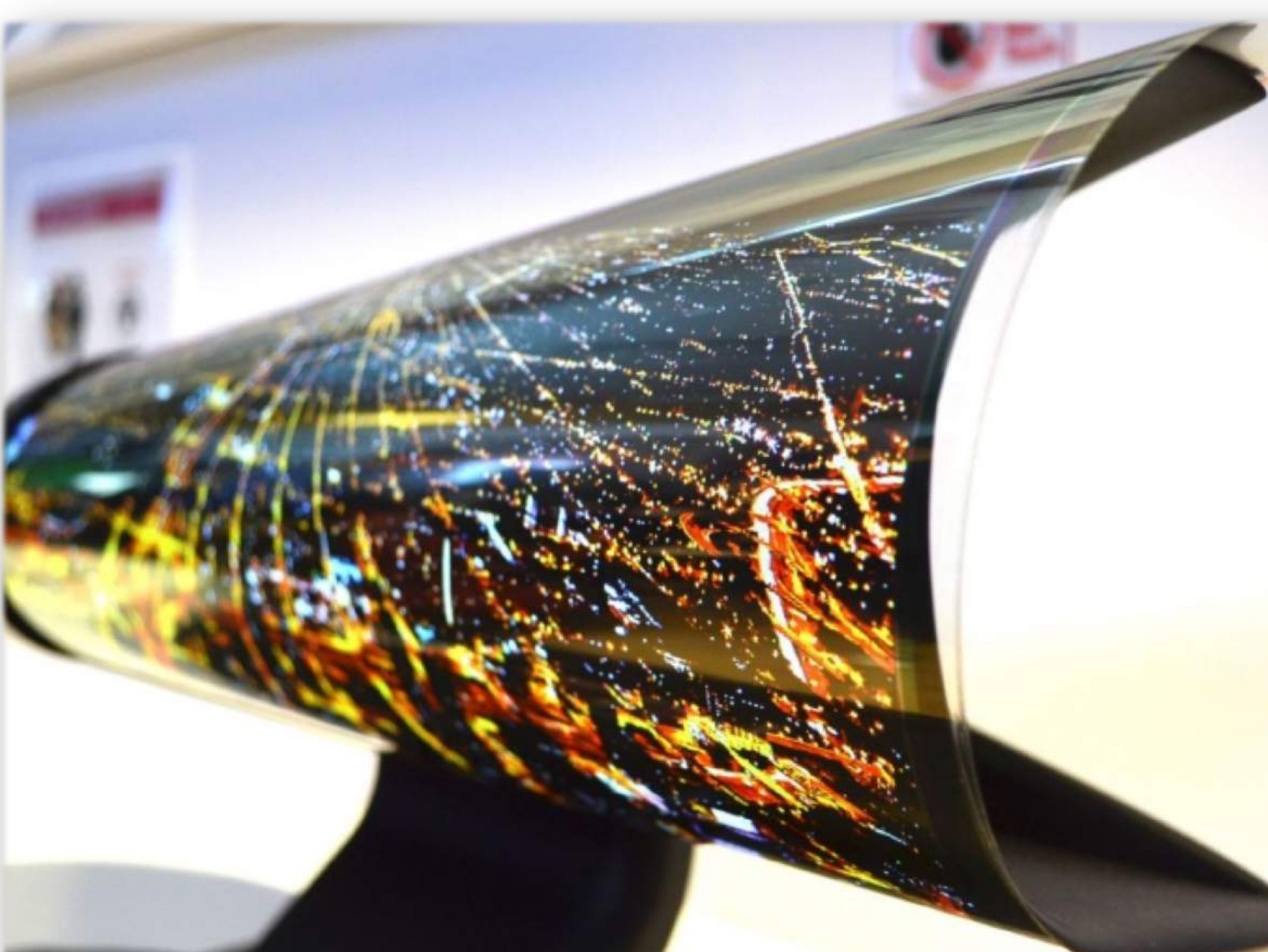
Smart phones



Flexible lighting



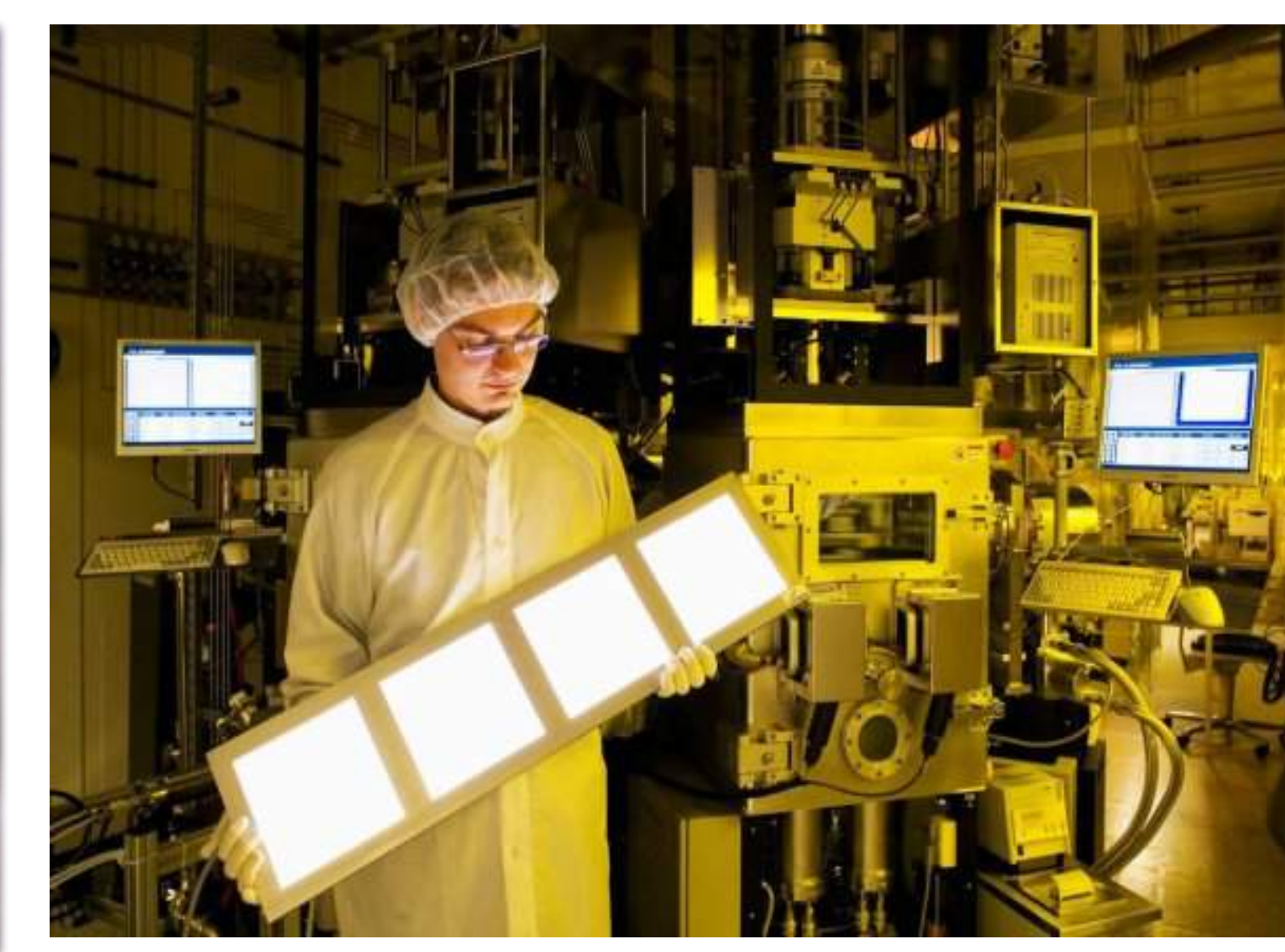
Automobile displays



Flexible displays



Laser



Illumination

Related Company

- Display company
- Lighting company
- Light-emitting film company

Source Technology

- Our group has published frontier papers in this field and is trying to keep this world-leading status.
- We have 4 patent applications (Korea); three of them were registered.